Colon

1. Use a colon <u>after an independent clause that introduces a list</u>. An independent clause is a word group that can stand alone as a sentence.

The students reviewed the major punctuation marks: the period, the comma, the colon, the semicolon, and the apostrophe.

2. Use a colon <u>after an independent clause that introduces a quotation</u>.

The words of the old philosopher echoed in her mind: "You cannot step into the same river twice."

3. Use a colon <u>between two independent clauses if the second clause summarizes or explains the first</u>.

The reason for her success was clear: she worked hard and remained patient.

- 4. Observe these conventional uses of the colon
 - After the salutation in a business letter

Dear Ms. Jovanovich:

- ♦ Between hours and minutes in the numeral form of times of the day Class starts at 1:30.
- Between the numerals of a ratio

The student-to-teacher ratio was 28:1.